SECTION 1- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : SPOTMASTER GEL XP

SYNONYMS: Product is a mixture: No synonyms are available.

PRODUCT USE : Flammable Material

SUPPLIER : HYDRAMASTER CORP.

SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS : 1500 Industry St. Suite 300

Everett, WA 98203 (425) 775-7272

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PHONE

NUMBER

PERS: 1-800-633-8253

SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

GHS U.S. – CLASSIFICATION : H302 Harmful if swallowed. : H315 Causes skin irritation

: H319 Causes serious eye irritation

LABEL ELEMENTS : GHS – US HAZARD The product is classified and labeled according to

PICTOGRAMS the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

HAZARD PICTOGRAMS

SIGNAL WORD : DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS (GHS-US)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

: H302 Harmful if swallowed.: H315 Causes skin irritation.

: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Note : Acetone Acute Toxicity Dermal: Contains 100 % of the mixture consists of

ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Acute Toxicity Inhalation Gas: Contains

100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Acute Toxicity Inhalation Vapor: Contains

100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Acute Toxicity Inhalation Dust/Mist: Contains

100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (SGS-US)

PREVENTION: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

: P103 Read label before use.

: P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking.

: P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion proof electrical/ventilation/light...equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

: P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.: P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash skin and contaminated clothing thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear suitable protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

RESPONSE : P305+P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

+P338 contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

: P337+P313 If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

: P303+P361 IF ON SKIN: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

+351 Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep

at rest in a position comfortable to breathing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

STORAGE : P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

DISPOSAL : P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations

OSHA HAZARDS : Isopropanol: Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

TARGET ORGANS : Isopropanol: Cardiovascular system, Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Nerves.

:

CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM: NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme.

NFPA RATINGS (SCALE 0-4) : Health = 2, Fire = 2, Reactivity = 0 HMIS RATINGS (SCALE 0-5) : Health = 2, Fire = 2, Reactivity = 0

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITON/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTIC: Mixtures

DESCRIPTION: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

COMPONENT	PERCENT	CAS#	EC#	GHS CLASS	
Acetone	20-40	67-64-1	200-662-2	Flam Liq Cat 2, Eye Dam Cat 2	
				Acute Aquatic Cat 2	
Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)	1-5	67-63-0	200-661-7	Eye Irrit Cat 2, Flam Liq Cat 2	
				STOT SE Cat 3	
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	10-20	112-34-5	203-961-6	Eye Irrit Cat 2B	

Irrit = Irritation, Cor = Corrosive, Dam = Damage, Cat = Category, Tox = Toxic, Flam = Flammable, STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity. Also contains a non-hazardous thickening agent.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL: If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Show the label where possible. Take proper

precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. Move out of dangerous area

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with low pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids

open to ensure adequate flushing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do

so. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin area with soap and

water. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

SWALLOWING (INGESTION)

If ingested, dilute swallowed material by drinking water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear and have victim lean forward to prevent aspiration. Give more water when vomiting stops. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

INHALATION

: Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

: Rescue personnel must wear appropriate protective equipment during removal of victims from contaminated areas. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide.

 Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Keep unopened containers cool by spraying with water

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS FLASH POINT (Acetone)

: Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

: -20°C Closed Cup.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT & EMERGENCY PROCEDURES : Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Restrict access to keep out unauthorized or unprotected personnel. Wear protective equipment. Avoid inhalation and direct contact.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES
METHODS AND MATERIALS
FOR CONTAINMENT AND
CLEAN-UP

: Keep spilled material away from sewage/drainage systems and waterways.

All clean-up personnel must be properly trained. Confine the spill and remove incompatible materials and ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Secure the source of the leak if conditions are safe. Collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place waste in an appropriate container for disposal. Use care during clean-up to avoid exposure to the material and injury from broken containers.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

: Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge.

ENVIRONMENTAL
PRECAUTIONS
CONDITIONS FOR SAFE
STORAGE

- : Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains
- : Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect containers from heat, physical damage, ignition sources and incompatible materials. Have emergency equipment for fires and spills readily available.





SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

TLV (THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE)

: The TLV in section in section III is the ACGIH/TLV-TWA (threshold limit value/time weighted average concentration for an eight hour work day). The STEL is the short term exposure limit and the (Ceil) is the ceiling limit.

COMPONENT	OSHA PEL – TWA	ACGIH – TLV	ACGIH – STEL
Acetone	1000 ppm	500 ppm	750 ppm
Isopropanol	400 ppm	200 ppm	400 ppm
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

EYE PROTECTION : Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face-shield where splashing is possible. Use

equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

SKIN PROTECTION : Wear impervious, flame retardant, antistatic protective clothing, including boots,

gloves, lab coat, apron, or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face

respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US)

or CEN (EU).

HAND PROTECTION : Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Dispose of contaminated

gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices.

Wash and dry hands.

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING

CONTROLS

General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s). Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable electrical code.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES : Emergency eyewash and safety shower facilities should be available in the

immediate work area.

REQUIRED WORK/HYGIENE : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from all food stuffs, beverages,

and feed. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE : Opaque gel with solvent odor.

ODOR : Mild odor
ODOR THRESHOLD : Not available

PH : 7-9 agueous solution

MELTING POINT/FREEZING : Not available

POINT

BOILING POINT : Approx. 56° F. (Acetone 100%) **FLASH POINT** : -20°C, (-4°F) (Acetone 100%)

EVAPORATION RATE : Not available
FLAMMABILITY : Flammable Liquid
LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : 2.6% (Acetone)
UPPER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : 12.8% (Acetone)
VAPOR PRESSURE : Not available
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1) : Not available

RELATIVE DESNITY : 0.85

SOLUBILITY IN WATER : Soluble in water PARTITION COEFFICIENT n- : Not available

OCTANOL/WATER

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

DECOMPOSITION **TEMPERATURE**

Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY Stable under recommended storage conditions.

HAZARDOUS CONDITONS TO :

Heat, flames, and sparks. Extreme temperatures and direct sunlight.

AVOID

PRODUCTS

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Oxidizing agents, Acid anhydrides, Aluminum, Halogenated compounds, Acids.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

Carbon oxides are expected to be, under fire conditions, the primary hazardous

decomposition products.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Acetone

ACUTE TOXICITY LD50 Oral (rat): 5800 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 20,000 mg/kg. LC50 Inhalation

(rat) 8hr: 50.1 mg/L.

MUTAGENICITY : No evidence of a mutagenic effect. **TERAGOGENICITY** Evidence of a teratogenic effect. SENSITIZATION No evidence of a sensitizing effect.

TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS: Acute: Central Nervous System, Cardiovascular System. Chronic: Male reproductive

ACUTE & CHRONIC System.

Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol) **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

LD50 Oral (rat): 5045 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 12,800 mg/kg. LC50 Inhalation **ACUTE TOXICITY**

(rat) 8hr: 16,000 mg/kg.

OTHER INFORMATION EYES Produces irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing,

inflammation, and possible corneal injury. May cause transient corneal injury

OTHER INFORMATION Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause kidney damage. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by

excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea.

OTHER INFORMATION

INHALATION

INGESTION

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness, and coma. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Causes upper respiratory tract

irritation. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

OTHER INFORMATION SKIN May cause irritation with pain and stinging, especially if the skin is abraded.

Isopropanol has a low potential to cause allergic skin reactions; however, rare cases

of allergic contact dermatitis have been reported.

STOT SINGLE EXPSOSURE

CARCINOGENICITY

Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central Nervous System.

IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. No component of

this product, present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

Oral LD50 Oral (rat): 5560 mg/kg. LC50 dermal and inhalation: Not listed.

CHRONIC EFFECTS Prolonged absorption causes liver and kidney damage, and red cell hemolysis (blood

in urine) in laboratory animals; no such effects have been seen in humans

SENSITISATION Not a sensitizer.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is CARCINOGENICITY

identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, and

OSHA.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION :

OVERVIEW: Moderate ecological hazard. This product may be dangerous to plants and/or

wildlife.

Acetone

MOBILITY: This material is expected to have very high mobility in soil. It does not absorb to

most soil types.

PERSISTENCE : No data available.
BIODEGRADABILITY : Biodegrades quickly.

ECOTOXICITY : 96 HR LC50 ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS 4.74 - 6.33 ml/l

96 HR LC50 LEPOMIS MACROCHIRUS 8300 MG/L 48 HR EC50 DAPHNIA MAGNA 12600 - 12700 MG/L

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Isopropanol

ACUTE FISH TOXICITY : LC50 / 96 hr: Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L.

TOXICITY TO DAPHNIA : EC50 / 24 h / Water Flea - 5,102 mg/L.

TOXICITY TO PLANTS : EC50 / 72 hours Desmodesmus subspicatus > 2,000 mg/L.

MOBILITY : This material is expected to have very high mobility in soil. It does not absorb to

most soil types.

PERSISTENCE AND : No data available.

DEGRADABILITY

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No data available.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

ECOTOXICITY : This product cannot accumulate in living tissue; diluted, this product is readily and

rapidly in a wastewater treatment facility; in BOD test, 88% degraded in 28 says;

half-life in air estimated as 10 hours.

PERSISTENCE AND :

DEGRADABILITY

: No data available.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL

: This product must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, state, and local environmental regulations. Discarded materials may be considered hazardous waste due to pH/corrosivity. It is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material containing, or derived from this product, should be classified as a hazardous waste.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT/IMDG/ IATA PROPER : UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (Contains Acetone) 3, PGII

SHIPPING NAME

Note: Containers of Spotmaster Gel XP may be tra

Note: Containers of Spotmaster Gel XP may be transported by ground only in the continental United States as a "limited quantity" if the individual container is less

than 1 liter. Otherwise, this product must be shipped as a flammable liquid.

HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL : 3 (Flammable Liquid)

UN NUMBER : UN1993 **PACKAGING GROUP** : PGII

EPA REPORTABLE QUANTITY : Not Applicable.

(RQ)

MARINE POLLUTANT : D-limonene: Dependence (When shipped by IMDG).

EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE : ERG# 128

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.N. GHS CLASSIFICATION & LABELING INFORMATION: See Section 2 for GHS Hazard Information.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

LISTED CARCINOGEN : Not listed

TSCA STATUS: The ingredients of this product are listed in TSCA inventory (40CFR 710.)

SARA SECTION 302 : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title

III, Section 302.

SARA SECTION 312 : Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether: Chronic health hazard

Isopropanol: Acute health hazard, Chronic health hazard, Fire hazard.

SARA SECTION 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA title

III, Section 313: ISOPROPANOL (CAS# 67-63-0)

CERCLA : 5000 LBS. (2270 kg) as Acetone 100%

NFPA HEALTH : 2 NFPA FLAMMABILITY : 2 NFPA REACTIVITY : 0

EUROPEAN UNION REGULATORY INFORMATION:

EC CLASSIFICATION : Flammable, Irritant

DSD/DPD RISK (R) PHRASES : R11: Highly flammable. (Isopropanol)

R22: Harmful is swallowed. R36: Irritating to skin.

R67: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.



S7: Keep container tightly closed.

S16: Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking

S24/25: Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with

plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/S37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and

eve/face protection.

S45: In case of accidents or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately. Show label where possible.

S61: Avoid release to the environment. S62: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

S64: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water if victim is

conscious.

DSD/DPD HAZARD SYMBOL : F: Flammable, Xi: Irritant

CANADIAN REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS CATEGORY : Acetone & Isopropanol: B2: Flammable Liquid

Isopropanol: D2B: Materials that cause other toxic effects

(TOXIC).

DOMESTIC SUBSTANCES LIST

(DSL)

INGREDIENT DISCLOSURE LIST

: Listed

: Listed

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER: The information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be realiable and accurate to the best of our knowledge at this date. It is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, as to the results of use of this information

or to the product to which it relates. Hydramaster Corp. assumes no responsibility







for injury to any person or property resulting from any use of the material. Each user assumes the risk in their use of this product and should review the data and recommendations in the specific context of their intended use.

CERCLA : Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

IMDG
 International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 IARC
 International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA
 International Air Transportation Association

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association (USA)

NTP : National Toxicology Program

SARA : Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TSCA : Toxic Substances Control Act

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

LC50 : Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50 : Lethal dose, 50 percent

STOT : Systemic Target Organ Toxicity

DATE PREPARED : JAN 2, 2018 **DATE REVISED** : NOV 7, 2022